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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/518,190	03/02/2000	John Edward Hesketh	0623.0820001/REF 4790	
28393	7590 04/09/2002			
STERNE, K	ESSLER, GOLDSTEIN	EXAMINER		
1100 NEW Y SUITE 600	ORK AVENUE, NW	LANDSMAN, ROBERT S		
WASHINGT	ON, DC 20005-3934	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		1647	1/0	
			DATE MAILED: 04/09/2002	19

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/518,1	90	HESKETH ET AL.				
		Examine	r	Art Unit				
			andsman	1647				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENE THE MAILING - Extensions of time after SIX (6) MON* - If the period for rep - If NO period for rep - Failure to reply wit - Any reply received	D STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT may be available under the provisions of 37 C THS from the mailing date of this communicati ply specified above is less than thirty (30) days ply is specified above, the maximum statutory hin the set or extended period for reply will, by by the Office later than three months after the adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION. CFR 1.136(a). In no evicon. s, a reply within the state period will apply and was statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a reply be t tutory minimum of thirty (30) da vill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from plication to become ABANDON	imely filed ays will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this commu ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.			
1)⊠ Respon	sive to communication(s) filed or	n <u>29 January 20</u>	<u> </u>					
2a)⊠ This act	ion is FINAL . 2b)	This action is	s non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Cla		a annlination						
,	4) Claim(s) 9-16 and 21 is/are pending in the application.							
·	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
<u> </u>	☑ Claim(s) <u>9-16 and 21</u> is/are rejected. ☑ Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
	are subject to restriction a	and/or election	requirement.					
Application Paper								
9) <u></u> The speci	fication is objected to by the Exa	aminer.						
10)☐ The drawi	ng(s) filed on is/are: a)	accepted or b)	objected to by the Exa	aminer.				
Applicar	nt may not request that any objection	n to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11)☐ The propo	osed drawing correction filed on	is: a)□ a	approved b)□ disappr	oved by the Examiner.				
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35	U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowle	edgment is made of a claim for fo	oreign priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)∐ All b)[☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
1.☐ Ce	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2.☐ Ce	ertified copies of the priority docu	ments have bee	en received in Applica	tion No				
	pies of the certified copies of the application from the Internation tached detailed Office action for	al Bureau (PCT	Rule 17.2(a)).		je			
14) Acknowled	4) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
·	translation of the foreign languag dgment is made of a claim for do		•					
Attachment(s)								
	nces Cited (PTO-892) erson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 osure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N			ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Formal Matters

A. Amendment C, filed 1/29/02, has been entered into the record.

B. All Statutes under 35 USC not found in this Office Action can be found, cited in full, in a previous Office Action.

2. Answer to Traversal

A. Claims 9-16 and 21 were subject to restriction in Paper No.11. In Paper No. 13 Applicants elected Group I, claims 9 in part, 10-16 and 21 with traverse. Applicants argue that if the nucleic acid molecule of claim 9 is found to be novel and unobvious, then dependent claim 15 should be novel and unobvious. While this is true, the issue lies not in the recitation in claim 15 that the claimed cell is found in cell culture, but that the cell of claim 15 can be found in a non-human animal. This implies that the polynucleotide of claim 9 would be used to produce transgenic animals. The Examiner apologizes for possibly confusing the issue since the Office Action states that claim 15 recited "non-human animal cell," but the claim obviously read "non-human animal." Claim 15 will be examined insofar as it reads on "cells in culture." It is required that Applicants remove the recitation of non-human animal from the claim, as the scope and issues regarding subject matter involving transgenic animals are in conflict with examination of the remainder of the claimed invention.

3. Claim Objections

A. The title remains objected to for the reasons already of record on page 3 of the Office Action dated 10/29/01. This issue will be addressed if the claims of the present application are found allowable.

B. Claim 15 is objected to since it recites "non-human animal," which is not being examined as part of the claimed invention. Applicants are required to remove this limitation from the claim.

4. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, second paragraph

A. The previous rejection of claim 16 under 35 USC 112, second paragraph, has been withdrawn since Applicants have amended the claims to recite "purifying the protein."

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5. Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

A. Claims 9-16 remain rejected under 35 USC 103 as being unpatentable over Lee. et al. in view of Kordula et al. Applicants argue that there is no motivation to modify the nucleic acid of Lee et al. and that the nucleic acid molecule of Lee et al. is naturally directed to the ER. They also argue that the motivation of producing large quantities cannot be obvious based on hindsight and there must be teachings to look to particular sources and elements. Applicants also argue that the molecule of Kordula et al. is expressed in a prokaryotic system, not a eukaryotic system as claimed by the present invention and that the molecule was obtained through sonication, not secretion. Finally, they argue that Kordula et al. do not teach anything about requirements for expression in mammalian cells.

These arguments have been considered, but are not deemed persuasive. First, the issue is not that the nucleic acid molecule of Lee et al. is directed to the ER, since this molecule is being substituted with the nucleic acid molecule of Kordula et al. The basis for this rejection lies in the fact that the molecule of Kordula et al. is an intracellular (cytosolic) protein which cannot be secreted from mammalian cells (page 192, left column, 4th full paragraph). Kordula et al. also teach that expression of HLEI cDNA in E. coli led to the accumulation of large amounts of the protein in the cytoplasm and inclusion bodies of these prokaryotes (page 192, right column, first full paragraph) and that expression of HLEI will really only be of use after large-scale purification which may require the use of a more efficient expression vector (page 192, right column, second full paragraph).

Lee et al. teach an efficient expression vector for use in secreting and purifying proteins from mammalian cells (Abstract). They have joined, in-frame, a sialyltransferase to be secreted. Contrary to Applicants' arguments, regardless of the "normal" targeting of sialyltransferase, the cDNA encoding this protein is not the basis of this rejection, only the expression vector containing the signal peptide. Therefore, based on the need for a better expression vector and large-scale purification for the protein of Kordula et al., one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to substitute the cDNA of Kordula et al., which has the 3'-UTR deleted, for the nucleic acid encoding the sialyltransferase in the vector of Lee et al. for the purpose of producing purified protein on a large-scale, which cannot necessarily be accomplished using the vector and expression system of Kordula et al.

Furthermore, as stated in the previous rejection Maeda et al. teach the use of the signal peptide from albumin in order to express large quantities of protein (Abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to have substituted the albumin signal sequence of Maeda et al. for the signal peptide of Lee et al. for the purpose of producing a fusion protein which can be secreted since it was well-known at the time of the invention that albumin is secreted from mammalian cells and that the use of

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albumin signal sequence is capable of generating large (even "mass") quantities of secreted protein (see Conclusion). Therefore, depending various factors, such as availability of particular vectors and purification methods (Western blot vs. affinity chromatography), the artisan would have various signal peptides from which to choose to allow secretion of the desired protein. The artisan would have been motivated to use the signal sequence from albumin since this sequence has been shown to generate large (even "mass") quantities of secreted protein, as would be desired from the artisan.

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Advisory information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert Landsman whose telephone number is (703) 306-3407. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM (Eastern time) and alternate Fridays from 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM (Eastern time).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Gary Kunz, can be reached on (703) 308-4623.

Official papers filed by fax should be directed to (703) 308-4242. Fax draft or informal communications with the examiner should be directed to (703) 308-0294.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

Robert Landsman, Ph.D. Patent Examiner Group 1600 April 08, 2002

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600

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